

introducing



ANSIBLE



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about me

yes, I caught this myself



David Heidt

DevOps Engineer @msales

lots of aws, lots of ansible

I go fishing

I have two children (less time to go fishing, but still fun)

I play The Legend of Zelda

I'm not a layout professional

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but why?

David uses ansible. It's super effective!

- ▲ agentless
- ▲ ssh + python is basic
- ▲ straight forward
- ▲ start from scratch
- ▲ even with existing servers
- ▲ incredibly good documentation
- ▲ human-readable yml



playbooks

you know what this does without knowing ansible. It is OK to feel good now

```
- hosts: redis_server

vars:
  redis_password: "foobar"

tasks:

  - apt: update_cache=yes upgrade=dist

  - apt: name=redis-server state=installed

  - lineinfile: dest=/etc/redis/redis.conf line="requirepass {{ redis_password }}"
    notify:
      - restart redis

handlers:
  - name: restart redis
    service: name=redis-server state=restarted enabled=yes
```

inventory

INI-like format. same-same but different

```
[webworker]
web0.example.com
web1.example.com
```

```
[loadbalancer]
lb.example.com
```

```
[redis_server]
10.0.0.99
```

more inventory

with hostvars, host groups and unicorns

```
[webworker]
web0.example.com
web1.example.com
web2.example.com unicorns=3

[loadbalancer]
lb.example.com wizardry=True

[webstack:children]
loadbalancer
webworker
```

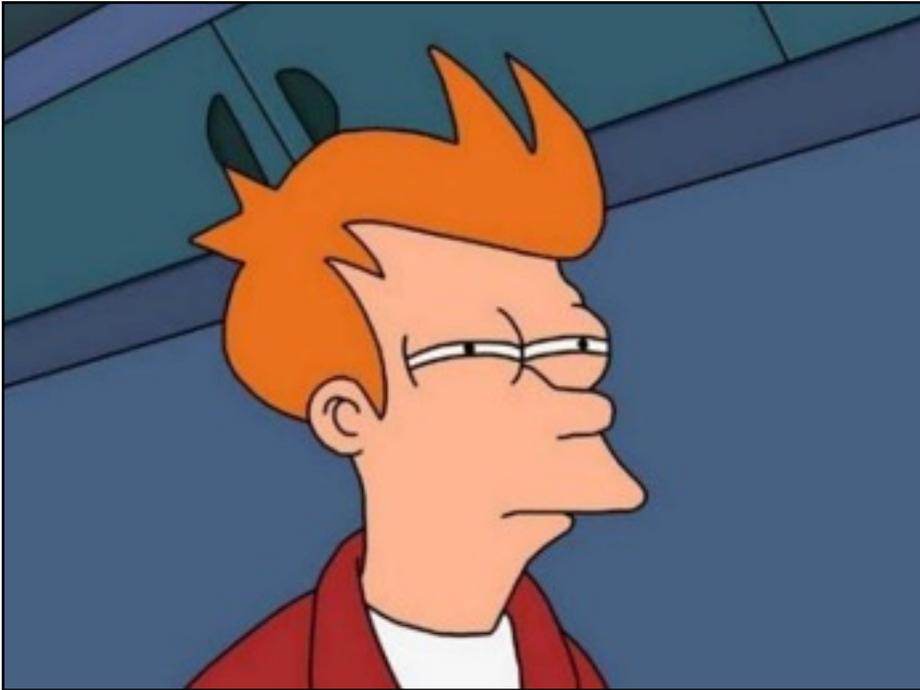
modules

how to conquer the world

- ▲ **control the system** (filesystems, lvm, service-control, user accounts...)
- ▲ **work with packaging** (apt, yum, brew, but also bundler, composer, pip, bower, ...)
- ▲ **working with files** (Permissions, copy, templating, regex, patch)
- ▲ **manage databases**
- ▲ **configure monitoring**
- ▲ **control the cloud**

modules

how to conquer the world the way you like it



```
- name: restart nginx
  service: name=nginx state=restarted

- name: restart nginx
  service:
    name: nginx
    state: restarted
```

```
ansible all -m service -a "name=nginx state=restarted"
```

write playbooks

make it do what you want it to do

- ▲ nested yaml dictionaries
- ▲ control structures, loops
- ▲ jinja2 template engine
- ▲ registering module output as runtime dict
- ▲ limits, tags

vaults

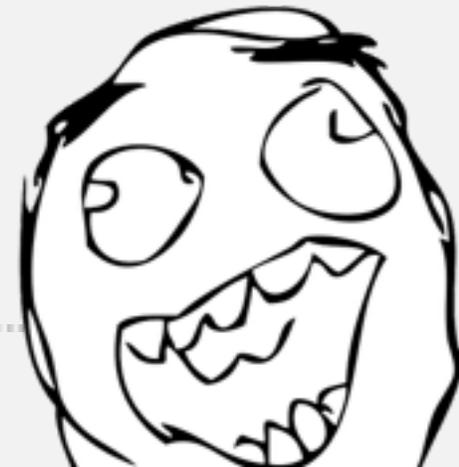
better not share credentials while conquering the world

- ▲ can encrypt any data structure yml used by ansible
- ▲ not only variables, but also tasks or handlers
- ▲ 'ansible-vault' ships as executable with ansible
- ▲ easy migration: encrypt existing files
- ▲ vaults in public, passwords in trusted places
- ▲ vaults are AES (shared-secret) encrypted

new in ansible 2: blocks

conquering the world in small units

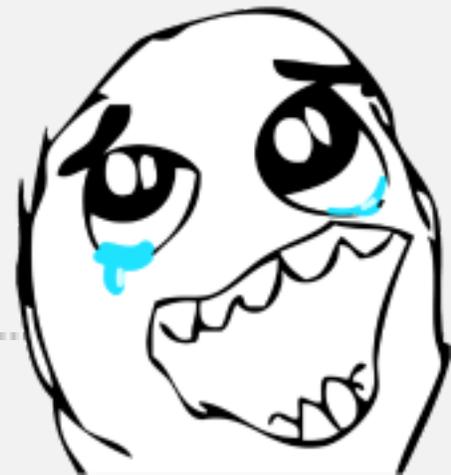
- ▲ group similar tasks
- ▲ with error handling and rescue
- ▲ use conditionals and tags only once
- ▲ blocks can be nested!
- ▲ block variables are existent in the block only
- ▲ `any_errors_fatal` triggers rescue for all hosts



more new stuff in ansible 2

... for con... OK, I stop it

- ▲ execution strategy plugins
- ▲ many, many new modules
- ▲ improved error messages
- ▲ playbook execution engine rewrite
- ▲ includes can use dynamic elements



see it in action? live demo.

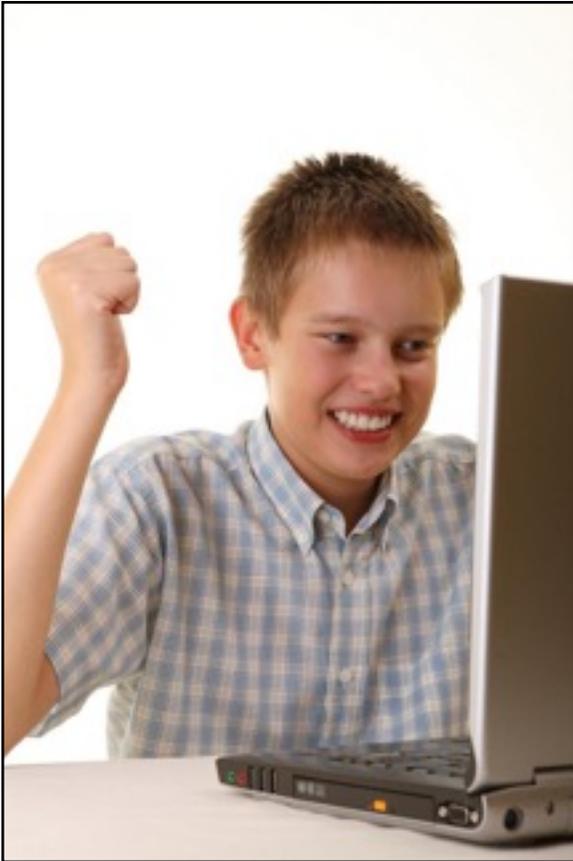
best practices

yeah, this is also in the docs. I know.

- ▲ use a provisioning server and agent-forwarding when working in a team
- ▲ store your playbook in a repository
- ▲ When you can do something simply, do something simply.
- ▲ use production and staging
- ▲ use ansible galaxy (re-use or just for inspiration)
- ▲ browse the documentation now and then

h4cks

best practices we find pretty useful @msales



production inventory

```
[all:vars]
environment=production
aws_access_key=AKIAIOSF07PRODEXAMPLE
```

staging inventory

```
[all:vars]
environment=staging
aws_access_key=AKIAIOSF0STAGEEXAMPLE
```

h4cks

best practices we find pretty useful @msales

use (special) tags in playbooks and tasks

```
[...]  
  roles:  
    - { role: facts, tags: [ 'always', 'facts' ] }  
    - { role: commonsetup, tags: [ 'commonsetup' ] }  
    - { role: php5, tags: [ 'php5', 'webstack' ] }  
    - { role: nginx, tags: [ 'nginx', 'webstack' ] }  
    - { role: monitoring, tags: [ 'monitoring' ] }  
    - { role: telegraf, tags: [ 'monitoring' ] }  
[...]
```

h4cks

best practices we find pretty useful @msales

use an (almost) empty shared role for frequently used vars

```
me@server:~# tree shared_roles/aws_dict/  
shared_roles/aws_dict/  
├── vars  
│   └── main.yml
```

ansible is not for servers only

wait, you were working with servers?

- ▲ deployment
- ▲ cloud
- ▲ monitoring
- ▲ docker
- ▲ vagrant
- ▲ what do you use ansible for? help me, audience!

ansible only for geeks like us?

- name: "let's try tower"
uri: url=https://www.ansible.com/tower
when: geek is not defined

-> www.ansible.com/tower

actually, there are some pretty cool features for geeks, too.



Thanks.

repository url: <https://github.com/msales/ansible-talk>

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